Soundbite script – Listen to your heart

Dr. Farhad Farokhi, Adult Cardiac Electrophysiologist, OSF Cardiovascular Institute

"The first thing we do is talk to the patient, get a history and see what kind of symptoms the patient experiences, and then document the abnormal rhythm with an EKG or longer-term heart rhythm monitors. We look at 24 hours, 48 hours to one week, two weeks or a month to document what kind of rhythm the patient has, and then we can correlate the rhythm with their symptoms. Then we can prescribe medications, or we can discuss and consider the option of cardiac ablation."

Dr. Farhad Farokhi, Adult Cardiac Electrophysiologist, OSF Cardiovascular Institute

"The patient will feel better, they won't have as much palpitation or fatigue, or shortness of breath. The heart will function more efficiently and long term the patient is going to feel better and have less chance of having heart rhythm issues or other heart complications. There is a significant benefit in terms of a patient's ability to exercise, having a better lifestyle and being on fewer medications."

Dr. Farhad Farokhi, Adult Cardiac Electrophysiologist, OSF Cardiovascular Institute

"Technology has significantly changed. We now have very sophisticated mapping systems and ablations to treat abnormal rhythms. And it is very promising that in the near future, we can do very complex, abnormal rhythms with almost no risk of complications."

Dr. Farhad Farokhi, Adult Cardiac Electrophysiologist, OSF Cardiovascular Institute

"When patients experience palpitations or abnormal sensations in their chest they should seek medical attention, talk to a doctor and do not minimize their symptoms because with any abnormal rhythm if they're diagnosed earlier, and treated earlier, you have a higher success rate with less chance of complications."